

## Activity 1 Read about literature (LB pp. 312–315)

### Answers

- 1 People spend time on their computers/the Internet ✓ and watching television. ✓ (2)
- 2 Learners might list any three of the following benefits: Reading is entertaining; it is relaxing; it improves your vocabulary, spelling and comprehension skills; it widens your general knowledge and gives you information; it helps your imagination and improves your writing. ✓✓ (2)
- 3 Answers will vary but might include: Any knowledge obviously makes you smarter and having a wide general knowledge is good because you can have interesting conversations about many different things with all sorts of different people. It also helps to make you a more critical thinker, makes learning easier and allows you to solve problems better. ✓ (1)
- 4 A fiction book is a story that has been made up and is therefore not true, while a non-fiction book is based on fact and real life events, people or things. ✓ (1)
- 5 "Genre" is a term used to show that certain things that are part of a group (in our case books) are similar or have the same kind of features and characteristics. ✓✓ (2)
- 6 It would be non-fiction (a biography) ✓ because it is based on you as a person ✓ and what happens in your life. ✓ (3)
- 7 1-c; 2-e; 3-f; 4-b; 5-a; 6-d (3)
- 8 Spirits, elves, fairies, tokoloshe and dragons are found in fantasy stories and folktales. ✓ (1)
- 9 Answers will vary; give learners a mark for good reasoning that matches their chosen genre. ✓ (1)
- 10 Answers will vary; give learners a mark for logical reasoning. ✓ (1)
- 11 Answers will vary but may include:  
A student: he/she will be able to read books more quickly and with a better understanding, they will probably understand their work better, studying will be easier etc.  
An important businessperson: He/she will be able to read documents easily and quickly, he/she won't get confused by difficult words, he/she will be able to do research and read up on important matters, etc. ✓✓ (2)
- 12 Mason Cooley meant that even if you can't afford (or you don't have the opportunity) to travel and visit far off and exotic places, if you read, your imagination can take you to the places in your book (e.g. a jungle, a castle, up the highest mountain). ✓ (2) [20]

## Activity 2 Decoding the dictionary (LB pp. 316–317)

- head word: shows spelling of more than one: (plural braais)
  - pronunciation of the word: (say bry)
  - meaning of word: **1** A meal that is cooked on a fire outside; **2** The metal instrument that you use to cook on
  - example: example of how to use word: **1** *We had a braai last night.* **2** *Please clean the braai.*
  - alternative word: braai (verb)
  - origin: tells us where word comes from: 20th century, through Afrikaans braai, from Dutch *braden* meaning "to roast, grill"
  - part of speech: noun or verb
- 2 a. abbreviation, adverb, advertisement, antonym, apostrophe, article, audience
  - b. character, clause, comma, command, consonants, contraction
  - c. pause, personification, phrase, plot, poetry, prefix, pronoun, punctuation
- 3 a. The dictionary entry gives four meanings for the word "fair".
  - b. Answers will vary.
  - c. The word "fair" in the dictionary entry is an adjective.
  - d. the fairest
  - e. Learners should use the word "unfair" in a sentence.
  - f. a white person, because the word "fair" when it is used to talk about a person's hair or skin means light.
  - g. You could wear a T-shirt and shorts or a dress. You might put a hat on your head. You probably wouldn't need to wear a jersey.
  - h. didn't – did not; it's – it is; they've – they have; he's – he has
  - i. unfair or carnival

### Activity 3 Read a poem (LB pp. 318–319)

#### Answers

- 1 She is anxious and worried and because of this she is not able to sleep. ✓ She is not looking forward to writing the test and she is concerned that her friends will pass and that she won't. (Other adjectives might include, troubled, uneasy, nervous, scared, etc.) ✓ (2)
- 2 "I am not looking forward to tomorrow." "Mom's told me not to worry." "I can't get to sleep for wondering ... what if my friends all pass." ✓✓ (2)
- 3 By using a capital letter it shows us what a big and important thing the test is. ✓ She has made it a proper noun. ✓ (2)
- 4 It means that you must just work as hard as you can. ✓ They don't expect you to necessarily be the best, as long as you have worked as hard as you can. ✓ (2)
- 5 She used the line "And just do my best" because "best" rhymes with the word "Test" in the poem. ✓ (1)
- 6 South African spelling is usually "Mom" ✓ and the formal word is "mother". ✓ (2)
- 7 The poem has three stanzas, each with four lines, with the second and fourth lines of each stanza rhyming. ✓✓ (2)
- 8 anxious ✓ (1) [14]

## SECTION A: COMPREHENSION

### QUESTION 1

- 1.1 Seven years (from 13–19) ✓ (1)
- 1.2 It means that things are changing completely. Things might become confusing and upsetting. ✓ (1)
- 1.3 True. ✓ "You are changing physically ..." ✓ (2)
- 1.4 This means be who you are regardless of what others think or are doing. ✓ Stand up for what you believe in and don't change yourself for anyone else. ✓ (2)
- 1.5 Answers will vary but might include things like cheating, stealing, drinking or smoking, lying about something, dressing differently, etc. ✓ (1)
- 1.6 Answers should include four of the following: problems at school, within your family, violence, drugs, changes in your body. (any four) ✓✓ (2)
- 1.7 They might have an answer to your problem, they might have (or they might know someone who has) a similar problem therefore showing that you are not alone. ✓✓ (2)
- 1.8 situation, difficulties, challenges (spelling of words must be correct) ✓✓ (2)
- 1.9 weaker and stupider ✓ (1)
- 1.10 Answers will vary but might include thoughts such as you are becoming more independent (good) but are dealing with many difficult issues (bad). The best could also be that you don't have as many responsibilities as if you had a proper job but equally you are still

dependent on others for transport, money, etc. ✓ (1) [15]

**TOTAL SECTION A: 15 marks**

## SECTION B: LANGUAGE IN CONTEXT

### QUESTION 2

- 2.1 Charlie Brown said that he (pronoun) was (past tense) tired of always asking the other kids to play with him (pronoun). (One mark if both pronouns are correct and one mark for past tense verb.) (2)
- 2.2.1 thinks (1)
- 2.2.2 I (1)
- 2.2.3 Charlie Brown's friends (1) [5]

### QUESTION 3

- 3.1 went
- 3.2 playing
- 3.3 asked
- 3.4 told
- 3.5 his
- 3.6 brought (One mark for each correct point. Spelling must be correct.) [6]

### QUESTION 4

you're (or you are); decision; think; through [4]

**TOTAL SECTION B: 15 marks**